

Figure SC810.F67. Nature of Injury Codes with Explanation

<u>NATURE OF INJURY CODES</u>	
<u>EXPLANATION OF OWCP'S METHOD OF ASSIGNING NATURE OF INJURY CODES</u>	
(T) Traumatic Injury or Disability (and Incident)*	R Respiratory Disease
TA Amputation	RA Asbestosis
Th Back Strain	RB Bronchitis
TC Contusion, bruise, abrasion	RE Emphysema
TD Dislocation	RP Pneumonconiosis
TP Fracture	RS Silicosis
Th Hernia	R9 Respiratory Disease, unclass.
TK Concussion	V Virological, Ineffective and Parasitic Diseases
TL Laceration; cut	VB Brucellosis
TP Puncture	VC Coccidioidomycosis
TS Strain, multiple	VF Food poisoning
TU Burn, scald, sunburn	VH Hepatitis
TI Traumatic Skin Diseases/conditions including dermatitis	VM Malaria
TR Traumatic Respiratory disease	VS Staphylococcus
TQ Traumatic Food Poisoning	VT Tuberculosis
TW Traumatic Tuberculosis	V9 Virological/Infective/ Parasitic - UnClass.
TX Traumatic Virological/infective Parasitic Diseases	D Disability, Occupational
T1 Traumatic Cerebral Vascular condition; stroke	DA Arthritis; bursitis
T2 Traumatic Hearing Loss	DB Back strain; back sprain
T3 Traumatic Heart Condition	DC Cerebral vascular condition; Stroke
T4 Traumatic mental disorder; emotional stress; nervous condition	DD Endemic disease (other than P and S, above)
T8 Traumatic Disability; other	DE Effect of Environmental

NATURE OF INJURY CODES
EXPLANATION OF OWCP'S METHOD OF ASSIGNING NATURE OF INJURY CODES--Continued

T9 Traumatic Injury-unclass. (except disease, disability, illness)	DH Hearing Loss
S Skin Disease or Condition	DK Heart condition
SB Biological	DM Mental disorder; emotional stress; nervous condition
SC Chemical	DR Radiation
S9 Dermatitis, unclass.	DS Strain, multiple
	DU Ulcer
	DV Other vascular conditions
	D9 Disability, unclass.

* Injury or condition must be caused by a specific incident or event which occurred during a single workday or shift.

The Nature of Injury Codes help OWCP classify reported injuries for computerized statistical analysis and reporting. Also, the ICPA uses Nature of Injury Codes to classify traumatic versus non-traumatic cases in their currently in use internal management information reports. Normally, OWCP assigns the Nature of Injury Code on the basis of information reported on Form CA-1, Block 14 or on Form CA-2, Block 14. Sometimes, however, it is necessary to review other information reported on these, or accompanying forms and documents, to accurately identify and code the nature of the reported injury. This is especially true when dealing with certain categories of injuries, which usually result from a long series of exposures, but which could also result from a single such exposure or episode of exposures (for example, poison ivy, traumatic hearing loss). Most often this distinction can be made on the basis of information contained on Form CA-1, Block 13 or on Form CA-2, Blocks 12 and 13.